

CHHATNA CHANDIDAS MAHAVIDYALAYA

(Affiliated to Bankura University)
P.O. Ohhatna + Dist.: Bankura + West Bengal + Pin 722 132
www.serry.in. e-mail : e-myseffice@genell.com
Mob : 9434521200 / 9475585610
Office : 03243-201128, 7001138308, 6007033808

Activities Related to Ecosystem and Indian Knowledge System

YEARS	DATE	Name of progeamme	Theme	No of Student Present
2018-19	07/08/2018	Environment Related Programme	College Cleaning and Plantation Programme	64
2019-20		***************************************		
2020-21	25/05/21 (online)	Awareness Related and Information Related Programme	Introduction to Lunar Mission	32
2021-22		Cultural Heritage Related Programme	Know your locality	63
22-23	15/05/2023	Indic Culture Related Programme	WHY DO WE NEED TO READ THE MAHABHARATA	63



P. Kumbhakaz

scalarike Sinha

TO/AC Co-ordinator Chluma Chandidas Matavityalaya



Chhatna Chandidas Mahavidyalaya Chhatna, Bankura

College Cleaning and Plantation Programme 2018-19 07/08/2018

P. Kumbhakar

Malanike Sinha

Principal
Chitatra Chandidas Mahavidyeleye
Chitatra, Bankura

Programme Details

- Programme is segmented into two part:
- COLLEGE CAMPUS CLEANING AND PLATATION PROGRAMME
- ORIGANISED BY THE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT & NSS UNIT
- Coordinated by: Mr. Nilanjan Chaki (Assistant Professor, Department of History)
- Mr. Manas Dutta (Department of Education)
- No. of Student Participated: 64 (Student of Semester I and III)
- Date: 07/08/2018



P. Kinthakar

IQAC Co-ordinator Onato Charles Ministração Malauke Sinka

Principal
Chitutra Chandidas Mahaviduslaya
Christia, Sankuta

COLLEGE CLEANING DAY (2018-19)07/08/2018





PLANTATION PROGRAMME (07/08/2018)





PLANTATION PROGRAMME (ADOPTED VILLAGE)



(COLLEGE CLEANNING TEAM)







Student Participants SEMESTER 1 (with UID No)07/08/2018

1	18071101001	PUJA MANDAL
7.	18071101002	PIU KUNDU
1	18071101000	MAMPI KUMBHAKAR
4	18071101004	BANDANA KUMBHAKAR
s	18071101005	SANTANA MANDAL
6	18071101006	PAYEL GHOSH
7	18071101007	SOMA NAG
2	18071101008	SOMA MANDAL
9	18071101009	SOURAY HALDER
10	18071101010	SICHA BAURI
13	18071101011	SATHI SANTRA
12	12071101012	ANWESHA RAKSHIT
13	12071101013	RIMPA KUNDU
14	19071101014	PIYA BAURI
15	18071101015	BIMPA BAKSHIT
16	18071101016	RATNA LAYEK
27	18071101017	LAXMIPRIYA DUTTA
18	18071101018	ARGHYA GOSWAM
19	18071101019	MIHIRAN GORAL
20	18071101020	SANDIP PAL
21	18071101021	INDRAHT MUKHERJEE
22	18071101022	RUORA RAKSHIT
23	18071101023	SANKET BANERJEE
24	12071101024	NABAJYOTI CHAKRABORTY
25	18071101025	MAMONI DAS
26	18071101026	MITALI DAS
27	18071101027	SUKUMAR MANDA
28	18071101028	SOUNYABIP MUKHERIEE
29	18071101029	KUNAL MONDAL
30	18071101030	SURESH MANDI





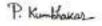




Student Participants SEMESTER 3 (with UID No)07/08/2018

31	17151202048	SARADA MURMU
2	17151202049	SARMILA HEMBRANI
13	17151202050	SEIKH IRFAN
4	17151202051	PATIKA HEMBRAM
15	17151202053	SHIBNARAYAN MURMU
16	17151702055	ASISH ROY
37	17151202057	ATANU MAL
18	17151202059	BANASHRI KAR
19	17151202060	50UVIK ROY
10	17151202063	THAKURDAS HANSDA
41	17151202067	KABITA HANSDA
42	17151202068	RAJU MURMU
13	17151202069	ANUPAMA HANSDA
14	17151202072	CHAITALI TUDU
15	17151202073	RAGHAS DAS
16	17151202074	PINTU BAURI
47	17151202075	PRACIP BAURI
18	17151202076	PADA MANDI
49	17151203001	SOUMEN GOSWAMI
50	17151203002	BIPAN BAG
12	17151704002	JHILIK BHANDARI
12	17151204003	SWARUP DUTTA
13	17151204005	ISHAN HEMBRAM
4	17151204007	KARTIK BAURI
55	17191204009	MAMPI DE
6	17151204010	MAMONI BAURI
57	17151204011	MAMANI MANDI
58	17151204013	BINDA BAURI
59	17151704016	NARUGOPAL BOURS
60	17151204017	SAMPA BAURI
51	17151204019	SANGITA CHATTERJEE
52	17151204020	SARADAMONI SAHIS
13	17151204023	SHANTANU KARMAKAR
54	17151204025	SONAMANI MURMU









 OUTCOMES: It's a participatory programme. Boys and girls both actively participated in college cleaning programme. They cleaned the pay ground and the class room too. It created a sense of environment friendliness of the student. They become aware about threatened floral species. They planted SAPLA in a small water tank. It's a motivation work towards group activities.

P. Kumbhakaz

IQAC Co-ordinator Chatra Chandidas Mahavidyalaya

Principal
Chhatna Chandidas Mahavidyalaya
Chhatna, Bankura

Malarika Sisha



Introduction to Lunar Mission

Chhatna Chandidas Mahavidyalaya



Email:ccmahavidyalaya@gmail.com
ONLINE PROGRAMME
25/05/2021

P. Kumbhakar

Unlouble Sinha

PROGRAMME OUTLINE

Create awareness about the Indian Space Research
Make the student familiar about the ISRO and NASA
Provides the concept about the Lunar Mission of India
(Chandrayan)

Introduction to Lunar Mission

- Programme: Online mode (G-meet, VC)
- Date: 25/05/2021
- Time:6.00 PM
- No of Participants: 32
- Teachers: P. Kumbhakar
 - M. Dutta



unlanka Sida

Space: Wright Brothers (American)

Wilbur Wright (1867-1912) Orville Wright (1871-1948)

BICYCLE MAKER AND HELICOPTER

Controlled Airplane / Flight (1903 & 1905)

Flying Machir

Earth - Satellite:

Moon: Natural Satellite

Pole to Pole Orbit

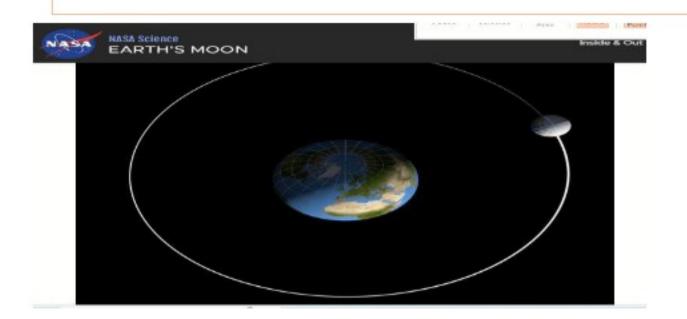
Polar Orbital satellite



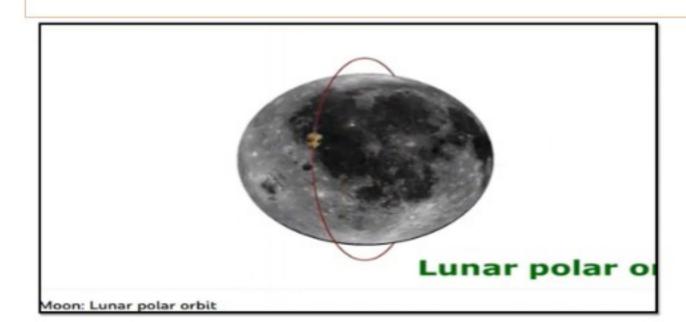
Sun, Earth and Moon:

- The importance of the number 108 can be seen repetitively in astronomy and astrology
- In Vedic astrology there are 12 solar houses and 9 lunar houses, 9 x 108.
 The diameter of the sun is about 108 times that of the diameter of E
- The average distance between the Earth and the Sun is 108 times the sun's diameter.
- The average distance from the Earth to the Moon is 238,800 miles, about 108 times the moons diameter.
- This makes it so the moon appears the same size as the sun during eclipses.

Earth and Moon:



Pole to Pole orbit of Moon:



Apollo 1: 1968 (mission was not successful)



First Space Mission:

- On October 4, 1957, the Soviet Union launched the earth's first artificial satellite, Sputnik-1.
- The successful launch came as a shock to experts and citizens in the United States, who had hoped that the United States would accomplish this scientific advancement first.
 - Russian stamp commemorating Sputnik Journey.

First Space Mission:

- Apollo 11, the first space mission to put people on the Moon, was launched on July 16, 1969.
- (Apollo: Geek God of Sun Light)
- The United States took a monumental step by successfully landing humans on the moon.
- On 20th July 1969, the world watched in awe as Apollo 11, a NASA mission, saw Commander Neil Armstrong and pilot Buzz Aldrin become the first individuals to set foot on the lunar surface

Apollo 11: First Lunar Mission NASA (USA)

- On July 20, 1969,
- two U.S. astronauts do something no one had ever done before.
 Wearing bulky space suits and backpacks of oxygen to breathe, Neil Armstrong and Edwin "Buzz" Aldrin became the first human beings to walk on the moon.
- Cape Kennedy on July 16, 1969

NASA:

- · National Aeronautics and Space Administration
- NASA is a United States government agency that is responsible for science and technology related to air and space.

- NASA was created in 1958.
- The agency was created to oversee U.S. space exploration and

aeronautics research.

Apollo Mission:

That's one small step for a man.

One giant leap for mankind."

Neil Armstrong

Sputnik: First Artificial Satellite

- Sputnik 1 was the first artificial Earth satellite. It was launched into an elliptical low Earth orbit by the Soviet Union on 4 October 1957 as part of the Soviet space program.
- fall back into the atmosphere on 4 January 1958.

ISRO Indian Space Research Organization

- ISRO : INDIA
- SRIHORIKOTA: SMALL ISLAND

Satish Dhawan Space Research Organization

Srihorikota island was chosen in 1969 for a satellite launching station. It is located 80 km (50 mi) north of Chennai. The center became operational in 1971

Satish Dhawan Space Centre (SDSC) SHAR, Sriharikota Range PO - 524 124 Nellore District, Andhra Pradesh





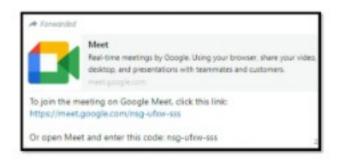
ISRO: Lunar Mission

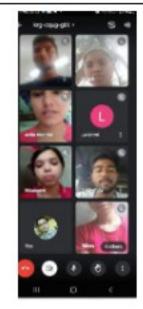
- · Chandrayaan-1
- October 22, 2008
- Venue: Sriharikota.
- Period: 22/10/2008-29/08/2009
- Objective: Lunar Photography
 The spacecraft was orbiting around the Moon at a height of 100 km from the lunar surface for chemical, mineralogical and photo-geologic mapping of the Moon.
- After the successful completion of all the major mission objectives, the orbit has been raised to 200 km during May 2009. The satellite made more than 3400 orbits around the moon and the mission was concluded when the communication with the spacecraft was lost on August 29, 2009.

LUNAR MISSION: 2019,2021

- India's second mission to the Moon, Chandrayaan-2 was launched on 22nd July 2019 from Satish Dhawan Space Center, Sriharikota. The Orbiter which was injected into a lunar orbit on 2nd Sept 2019, carries 8 experiments to address many open questions on lunar science.
- a small error during the Chandrayaan-2 mission in 2019 led to its failure.
- 1ST Chandrayan :2008 (October)

GLIMPSES OF PROGRAMME









Malanike Sinha

Principal
Chinatha Chandidas Mahavidyalaya
Chinatha, Barikura

Outcomes:

- Students of the college are from pure arts (social science background).
 Hence space related informative dissemination lecture is helpful to enrich their knowledge base on Space research.
- Students acquired the knowledge about the IRSO and Indian glorious space research history.







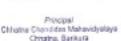
KNOW YOUR LOCALITY Few Words About Chhatna, Bankura

Chhatna Chandidas Mahavidyalaya, Bankura, Chhatna,

Email: ccmvofficial@gmail.com ccmahavidyalaya@gmail.com







Malanike Sista

Programme Details

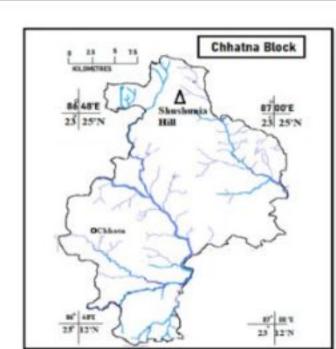
 Objection: Make student familiar about the cultural heritage of the College milieu.

- Time:11.30 AM
- Date:23/08/2022
- Teachers: Mr. P Kumbhakar and Mr. D. Mukherjee
- Students present:63



P. Kumbhakar

Madaike Sila



Attributes of Chhatna:

a. Susunia Hill (448m) b. Natural Twins Aquifers (Perennial)

c. Gnaneshwari River (pre Himalayan River, river of Silurian era) d. Palaeolithic Hominoids sit e. Rock Curving Art

g. Weaving Art i. Pottery painting

e. Wood Curving Art

Good condition of Ground Water Table

Chhatna:

- · Chhatrina...... Chhata: Umbrella
- •
- Khatriya: Kha Converted to Chha......

Chhatna: for physiography,,,,,,,

Land of Susunia hill (remnants of Eastern Ghart orogeny)

Land of Gandeshwari river (Silurian origin river, pre Himalayan River)

Combination of laterite and sandstone

Chandidas: Chhatna

- Chandidas (1408 CE) was one of the most prominent and admired poets of Medieval Bengal. There are total four individuals found with the same name- Badu Chandidas, Dwija Chandidas, Din Chandidas and one only Chandidas without any byname.
- He came from an upper-caste Barendra Brahmin Family and was an ardent devotee of Goddess Basholi.
- Possibly his birth name was Ananta and family surname was "Badu" and later given the title "Chandidas" by his Guru.
- Brahmin from Goya

 The night is dark, the sky is filled with teeming clouds.
 Friend, what can I say to you?
 By virtue of many lives, Him I have won.

· - Chandidas

শারুনপথনে বোর ঘনমান, নিশীবাঘানিনী রে।
কুঞ্জপথে, সবি, তৈসে যাওব অবনা কানিনী রে।
উন্মান পরনে মনুনা তাজিত, ঘন ঘন গাজিত সেই।
দমকত বিশ্বত, গবতক লুক্টিত, বরহর কম্পিত সেই।
যান যান মিদ্ কিল্ মিদ্ কিল্ মিদ্ কিল্ বিল্ বিল্
বালনার কুঞ্জ।
কহ রে সকারী, এ বুক্তমোশে কুঞ্জে নির্ময় কান
করণ রাশী কহে বজ্ঞায়ত সককলা রানানাম।
সোচিম যারে বেশ করা তে, স্মিমি লগা তে আল।
উর্বাহি বিশ্বতিত লোল ভিত্রতা যাহ আঁবা চম্পকামানে।
দামন রানামে ন মাত, বালা, নভলবিশোরক লাশ।
শারম্যে যান, বছ তর পাতর, কাহে আনু তব দাম ॥
শারম্যে যান যান, বছ তর পাতর, কাহে আনু তব দাম ॥

Degramano

সাধিব মনের সাধা।

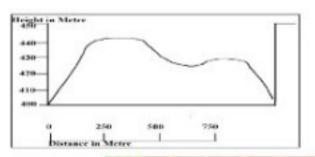
Chandias: Chhatna

- · Structuralism in Bengali
- Neo Structuralism

- Baru Chandidas is known mainly as the writer of the lyrical <u>SRIKRISHNAKIRTAN</u> which was discovered by <u>Basantarabjan Vidvadvallabh</u> at Bankura.
- Basantaranjan, who published the manuscript in 1916, believed that Chandidas was born in 1339 and died in 1399. However, other scholars, suggest somewhat an earlier date.

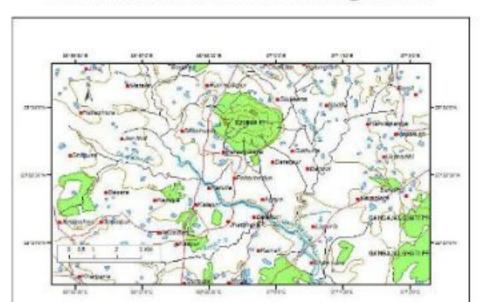
Shushunia Hill: Twins Aquifers

- The Shushunia hill lies in Chhatna block of Bankura district, West Bengal, India (height 440 m, 23° 22' 30" N and 86° 58' 20" E).
- A small Paleozoic river named Gandeshwari is flowing in southwest edge of the hill.





Susunia and its Surrounding Areas

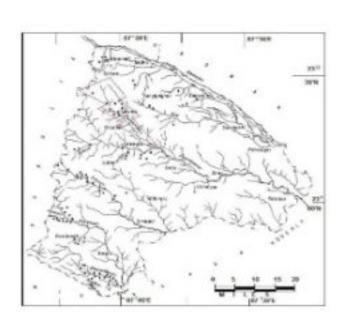


Chhatna: Susunia Hill

- Shushun means a place where dancing and singing goes in hand in hand.
- According to the Santhali language, the word meaning of Shun Shun is nearby or side by side and nia means this. In the Munda language (dialect), the literal meaning of Shushunia is a place for a social.
- (dialect), the literal meaning of Shushunia is a place for a social gathering (accompanied by dance and song).
 According to the Santhali language, the word Shushunia means lying side by side. Twin peaks or porcupine-shaped peaks which lie side by
- Another word of the Santhali language is Shur Shur, which indicates the 'sound of whistling bird' and nia means 'this'.
 - Therefore, Shushunia may have been derived from the Santhali language, meaning 'the place of whistling bird'.

Habitat sites of Early Hominoids

Name of Villages	Geog	graphical Location	Location Code &	
			JL No	
Jamthol	23*26'55" N	86*52'15"E	02006500 & 8	
Panchasimula	23*23'15"N	86*52'15"E	02012500 & 68	
Parulia	23*22'15"N	87*57'30"E	02012000 & 63	
Paharbedia	23*22'55" N	86*58"E	02015000 & 93	
Suyabasa	23*23'10"N	86*58'30"E	02029800 & 241	
Gidhuria	23*23' N	87*0'30"E	02015300 & 96	
Dhankorarjor	23*24'20" N	87*0'15"E	NA	



ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITI OF BANKURA DISTRICT (THE STUDY AREA LIES WESTERN PART OF DISTR

Mesolithic Sites

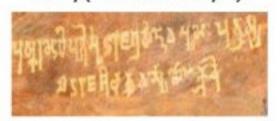
Mesolithic Site	Description
	Pillar
amarkuli (Chhatna Block)	Height 4feet, Material. Quarzite Description: Agroup of Warrior with bow and arrows, A few male with sord and juvlin, A few are singles (only male)
	A few with female partners
Jorhira (Chattna Block)	Pillar
Moleswar Temple	Pillar

Shushunia Hill (Habitat Cleavage of Early Hominoids)

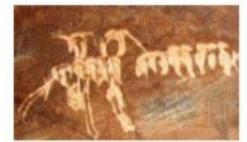
HABITAT S	ITES OF EARLY HOMINOIDS
Kherbani	
Bamundiha	23*23'20" N & 86* 01'50" E
Suabasa	23°25' N & 87° 02' E
Bhalukabasa	23°21'31" N & 86° 58'32" E
Aduri	23° 26' 22" N & 86° 56'19" E



Lithic Inscription and Chhatna (4th Century AD)(Sankha lipi)







- · inscriptions:
- Time: 4th Century A D
- Language: Sanskrit
- · Script : Brahmi
 - The Shushunia Rock inscription is the earliest reference to the cult of Vaishnavism.

Sweet Preparation: Chhatna

(Not perishable within one or two days)

DRY ROUND SHAPED SWEET

POPULAR NAME:PERA

Stone Curving Art: Susunia(Sandstone)





Wood Curving Art of Chhatna:

Prepare Mask, wood curving animal structure

(20km from Chhatna)

Village: Simulberia

Weaving of Chhatna Block

- · Village: Kenjakura (in the left bank of river Dwarekeshwwar)
- Ancient handloom with raw cotton

(mostly louder in colour)

Popular product: curtain and gamacha

Pottery and Panting of Chhatna Block

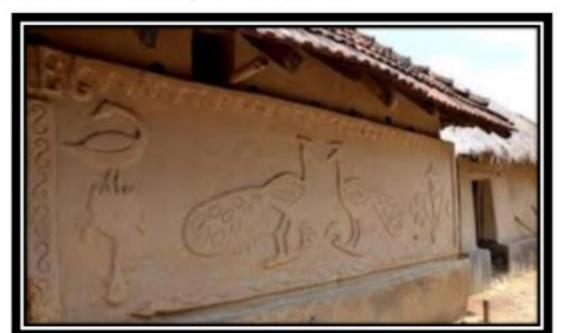
Bharatpur



JILIPI



Seulibona Village, Chhatna



শ্ৰীকৃষ্ণকীৰ্ত্তন

চণ্ডীদাস-বিরচিত

বসস্তরঞ্জন রায় বি**ষম্বলভ** সম্পাদিত

Shushunia Tracking Sites:



Glimpses of Programme









Plate 2: After Lecture Students-Teacher Interaction



outcome

- Student become aware about their cultural heritage. It starts from the Poet Baru Chandidas, Sisunia's Rock Curving art, Wood Curving art, Weaving of Kenjakura and the sweet preparation of Chhatna.
- The dissemination lecture was like a virtual tour to the student to know their cultural heritage.
- Student received the positive impetus towards the conservation of regional cultural attributes.



P. Kundilakat.

arodoutha Bisha

LIST OF STUDENTS SEMESTER IV 23/08/2022

	UID	NAMES
1	18071191001	PUIA MANDAL
2	18071101002	PIU KUNDU
3	18071101003	MAMPI KUMBHAKAR
4	18071101004	BANDANA KUMBHAKAR
5.	18071101005	SANTANA MANDAL
6	18071101006	PAYEL GHOSH
7	18071101007	SOMA NAG
8	18071101008	SOMA MANDAL
9	18071101009	SOURAV HALDER
10	18071101010	SIKHA BAURI
11	18071101011	SATHI SANTRA
12	18071101012	ANWESHA RAKSHIT
13	18071101013	RIMPA KUNDU
14	18071101014	PIYA BAURI
15	18071101015	RIMPA RAXSHIT
16	18071101016	RATNA LAYEK
17	18071101017	LAXMIPRIYA DUTTA
18	18071101018	ARGHYA GOSWAMI
19	18071101019	MIHIRAN GORAL
20)	18071103020	SANDIP FAL
21	18071101021	INDRAJIT MUKHERJEE
22	18071101022	RUDRA RAKSHIT
23	18071101023	SANKET BANERJEE
		NABAJYOTI
24	18071101024	CHAKRABORTY
25	18071101025	MAMONI DAS
26	18071101026	MITALI DAS
27	18071101027	SUKUMAR MANDAL
	10031707030	SOUMYADIP
28	18071101028	MUKHDUEL/
29	18071101029	KUNAL MONDAL
30	18071101030	SURESH MANDI
33	18071101031	BALARAM KHAN
32	18071101032	SURENDRA SOREN
33	18071101033	BIKASH MONDAL
34	18071101034	ROHIT SHARMA
<u>15.</u>	18071101035	MOU ROY
16	18071101036	KANCHAN MURMU
37	18071101037	SARIKA MANDAL





Matanika Sinha

LIST OF STUDENTS SEMESTER IV 23/08/2022

38	18071104030	AVUIT MONDAL
39	18071104031	MAHESWAR MONDA
40	18071104032	BIKRAM GHOSH
41	18071104033	HRIDOY GHOSH
42	18071104034	SOMA GHOSH
43	18071104035	SHILPI KUNDU
44	18071104036	LAXMI PRIYA ROY
45	18071104037	TUMPA BAURI
46	18071104038	ANUPAMA BAURI
47	18071104039	DOLI KUNDU
48	18071104040	RITA KUCHLYAN
49	18071104041	SHILPI CHAKRABORTY
50	18071204001	SHAMPA KUNDU
51	18071204002	RIMPA PAL
52	18071204003	PRATIMA DAS
53	18071204004	SARASWATI BAURI
54	18071204005	SOMA BAURI
55	18071204006	NILIMA PARAMANIK
56	18071204007	PUJA BAURI
57	18071204008	SONALI ROY
58	18071204009	PRAMILA TUDU
59	18071204010	ARCHANA MURMU
60	18071204011	SANAKA HEMBRAM
61	18071204012	NIYATI MANDI
62	18071204013	SATYABATI MANDI
63	18071204014	PRASANTA BAURI

P. Kumbhakaz

IQAC Co-ordinator Cristia Chandida Mahavidjalaya



Principal
Chhaine Chendidas Mahavidyalaya
Chnatna, Bankura

Malarike Binha



WHY DO WE NEED TO READ THE MAHABHARATA



Dr. Dolon Ray Assistant Professor Department of English

Chhatna Chandidas Mahavidyalaya

P. Kumbhakat IDAC Co-ordinator Chata Oradia Minadysiaa Malanka Siha

Principal
Chiupta Chanadas Mahandasaye
Christina, Banhare

Objective: Promote Indian Knowledge System

Bhāratīya Jñāna Paramparā Vibhāga SERIES:1

For ALL UG Students

8

DSC 1 of English Major and Minor 2nd Semester

Chhatna Chandidas Mahavidyalaya

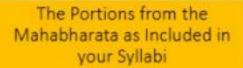
What is the Mahabharata?



- · Now, often referred to as an epic.
- . The term 'Epic' is not comprehensive; it has been termed 'Itihas'; 'Gatha'.
- Its relevance can never be estimated by constricting the Mahabharata to these above-mentioned terms
- For the sake of convenience I will use the term 'epic' while referring to The Mahabharata

Theme of The Mahabharata: The Eternal Conflict between Dharma and Adharma Dharma can be roughly translated as righteous action



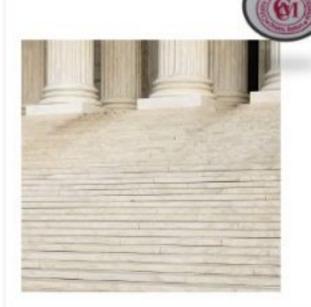


- Course Title (Discipline Specific Core): Indian Classical Literature: "The Dicing" from The Book of The Assembly Hall and "The Temptation of Karna" from The Book of Effort
- Both the portions are extremely relevant as they give rise to debates on the various aspects of Dharma



Dharma and 'The Dicing

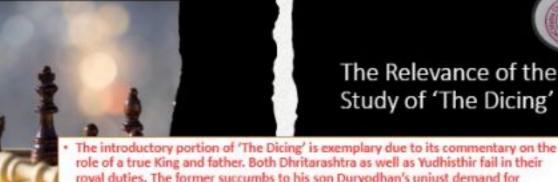
- 'The Dicing' refers to the core episode from "The Book of the Assembly Hall"
- Here the despicable acts of adharma that will take place in this part of the narrative will sow the seeds of the Kurukshetra war
- The reading of this portion makes one aware of one's role in maintaining righteousness in every circumstances as well as our real duty towards ourselves as well as the other persons in our lives



Effort" where attempts are being made by both the Pandavas and Kauravas to avoid the Kurukshetra war. To achieve the desired objective of establishment of Dharma, Krishna undertakes the effort of tempting Karna by revealing to him his real identity as the eldest of Kunti's children. Karna refuses to leave the Kauravas due to his personal gratefulness to Duryodhan. This interaction and the later attempt b Kuntl herself ends in fallure as he refuses to be ungrateful to Duryodhan as well as his adoptive parents.

These two interactions explains to a diligent as well as receptive reader the various aspects of Dharma in general





The Relevance of the Study of 'The Dicing'

- role of a true King and father. Both Dhritarashtra as well as Yudhisthir fail in their royal duties. The former succumbs to his son Duryodhan's unjust demand for arranging the game of dicing as the latter gives threats of self-harm
- Yudhisthir, in spite being warned by Vidura and Draupadi, refuses to deny the invitation to the game of Dicing citing the excuse of convention. He fails to distinguish between real royal duties and the duties as dictated by convention
- The latter part of 'The Dicing' shows how blatant acts adharma can sow the seeds of one's complete annihilation as well as shows how the woman has to pay the price for being objectified, not only by society, but also by her nearest of kin.

The Relevance of 'The Temptation of Karna'

- The temptation of Karna brings to the fore the conflict between <u>Dharma</u> and <u>Adharma</u>.
- It also highlights the fact that one must make all efforts for peace before asserting to war
- The interchange of ideas between Karna and Krishna on the issues of Dharma instructs us on how Dharma is not a simple act of just doing the right thing. There are time when the question of greater good looms large. It makes us think of the inherent relation between one's <u>Karma</u> and Dharma.



The Relevance of this Study in the Age of Al



- · The Study of this module will have a greater impact on our future lives.
- These are lessons which can never be imbibed from the information- heavy realm of Al
- These readings provide with important instruction on the important soft skills like 'leadership', 'teamwork', 'prioritizing', co-operation'.
- The study of Mahabharata has gained greater importance as the value it manifests in its narrative helps an individual to develop both the intellectual as well as the emotional quotient and develop into a bhuman resource, an impactful contributor to the nation-building.

IONE Co-cession

ecolonika Sida

Glimpses of programme



Students Group (Listening about Mahabharata and its relevancy in Recent)14/05/2023





Students Group (Listening about Baru- Chandidas and its relevancy in Recent)

14/05/2023 P. Kundlaukar Sinka

IQAC Co-ordinator Chara Chardos Mahaidysiaya Principes'
Chinama Chandidas Mahawatyaleye
Chinatha, Bankura

Student Participants 14/05/2023 (with UID No)

UID	NAME	PHONE	Mallie
20071109302	PARIMAL MANDE	8942811874	parlmalmand(543)Pgmail.com
20071103303	ARMTATUDU	9683996692	tuduerpite00@gmeil.com
20071103004	AVUIT HALDER	7679617412	halder1234shgmall.com
7/07/13/08/00%	RADHABANI KUNDU	7884985551	cadharanikiesdu2003@gmail.com
20071103006	SAPTARSHI KAR	3734951558	septer in star 2004 (Symail.com
20071105007	REAUTY MUKHERIEE	9382130278	muliher)eabeauty2002;#gmail.com
20071103008	GAIN PRASAD KAR	8768317318	bishekar10@gmail.com
20071109009	PRITIKANA MARGAL	9832817591	pritikanamonda/234@gmail.com
20071109010	AGAY BAURE	9893755179	ajayhauribnk307@gmail.com
20071109011	SUBJE MONDAL:	8637514347	sudphonis/\$280/89@gmail.com
20071109012	SHIB SUNKAR KAR	6297239702	shibsankareka@gmail.com
20071109013	SAMAPTI BHADBA	6298770795	sameptinhadra76@gmail.com
20071109014	BISWAFT BOURT	6297488159	biswaj hbo uni754@gmail.com
20071168015	CHINMOV MONBAL	8670782671	chimnoymondal0410@ymail.com
20071103016	CHETANA KASIRAJ	9382031657	chatanakabira(665@gmail.com
20071103017	TUFAN GOSWAMI	8801831938	tulangoswami474/Pgmail.com
20071109018	KUMBHAKAR	NN5215025	shetalkumthakar@gmail.com
20071103019	RAM MUKHERJEE	9749059252	ranimultherjee072@gmail.com
20071109020	RAJESH GHOSH	2074735839	rajesh@ghosh@gmail.com
20071509001	SHILPA OHIBAR	X567149149	unipachipar255@gmail.com
20071109022	MISHA PANIA	6295536902	nishapanja788@gmail.com
20071109023	CHANLERANGAL	96013343846	rhanuhangal@gmail.com
20071200001	ARYA KARMAKAR	\$182929092	aryakarmakar05@amail.com
20071209202	PUSPARANI HANSDA	8768657476	pusparanihansda6iPgmail.com
20071209309	SUVENDU MANDAL	2001211796	mondatriaventh #036@gmail.com
20071209004	RAKH KAR	8116273321	raktikar 2001. Øgmali com
20071203005	PRASENUT CHOWOHURY	6196494767	prainty@gmail.com
20071203006	BACCHU GORAL	7601766151	Secchu7602 (figmeit.com
20073209007	SUDESHINA KUNDU	9382722158	kolsedeshna2003@gmall.com
2100712090000	MANATA	2962048788	maniatekhatun684@gmail.com

	KHATUN		
20071203009	LAXMI MONDAL	7866882818	laxmimondalchhatna@gmail.com

State of Sta

P. Kumbhakaz

IQAC Co-ordinator Chhatna Chandidas Mahavidyalaya Malanka Sinha

Principal
Chhatna Chandidas Mahavidyalaya
Chhatna, Bankura

- OUTCOMES: The Study of this module will have a greater impact on our future lives.
 - These are lessons which can never be imbibed from the informationheavy realm of AI

 These readings provide with important instruction on the important set of soft skills like 'leadership', 'teamwork', 'prioritizing', cooperation'.

The study of Mahabharata has gained greater importance as the values that it manifests in its narrative helps an individual to develop both the intellectual as well as the emotional quotient and develop into a better human resource, an impactful contributor to the nation-building



P. Kumbhakaz

IQAC Co-ordinator Charle Chardeles Mahavidyalaya

Principal
Chhatna Chandidas Mahavidyalaya
Chhatna, Bankura

Malanike Sinha